

## RELIGIONS AND PHILOSOPHIES OF EAST ASIAN COUNTRIES

Country	Religion and Philosophy
Brunei	Muslim (official) 67%; Buddhist 13%; Christian 10%; indigenous beliefs and other 10%
Cambodia	Theravada Buddhist 95%; other 5%
China	Daoist (Taoist), Buddhist, Christian 3–4%; Muslim 1–2%; note: officially atheist
Hong Kong	Eclectic mixture of local religions 90%; Christian 10%
Indonesia	Muslim 88%; Protestant 5%; Roman Catholic 3%; Hindu 2%; Buddhist 1%; other 1%
Japan	Observe both Shinto and Buddhist 84%; other 16% (including Christian 0.7%)
Laos	Buddhist 60%; animist and other 40% (including various Christian denominations 1.5%)
Malaysia	Muslim, Buddhist, Daoist, Hindu, Christian, Sikh; note: in addition, Shamanism is practiced in East Malaysia
Myanmar (Burma)	Buddhist 89%; Christian 4% (Baptist 3%, Roman Catholic 1%); Muslim 4%; animist 1%; other 2%
North Korea	Religious activities almost nonexistent; traditionally Buddhist, Confucian, Chondogyo (Religion of Heavenly Way)
Philippines	Roman Catholic 80.9%; Evangelical 2.8%; Iglesia ni Kristo 2.3%; Aglipayan 2%; other Christian 4.5%; Muslim 5%; other 1.8%; unspecified 0.6%; none 0.1%
Singapore	Buddhist 42.5%; Muslim 14.9%; Taoist 8.5%; Hindu 4%; Catholic 4.8%; other Christian 9.8%; other 0.7%; none 14.8%
South Korea	No affiliation 46%; Christian 26%; Buddhist 26%; Confucian 1%; other 1%
Taiwan	Mixture of Buddhist, Confucian, and Taoist 93%; Christian 4.5%; other 2.5%
Thailand	Buddhist 94.6%; Muslim 4.6%; Christian 0.7%; other 0.1%
Vietnam	Buddhist 9.3%; Catholic 6.7%; Hoa Hao 1.5%; Cao Dai 1.1%; Protestant 0.5%; Muslim 0.1%; none 80.8%

Source: *CIA World Factbook 2007*.